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# MAMMALS IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES IN 1971



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
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## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR Fish and Wildlife Service Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife

### MAMMALS IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES IN 1971

Ву

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### ABSTRACT

Mammals imported into the United States in 1971 are tabulated by species and country of origin. Total numbers imported from 1968 through 1971 are given for higher taxa and for species most frequently imported. The numbers of mammals imported in 1971 decreased slightly from those imported in 1970 largely as a result of decreased importation of rabbits from Canada. Lists of rare and endangered species imported and of mammals whose importation is restricted are also given.

This report is the fourth in a series listing the numbers and species of mammals imported into the United States. As in the earlier reports (Jones, 1970; Jones and Paradiso, 1972; Paradiso and Fisher, 1972), this report is based on an analysis of import declaration forms (U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife Form 3-177) filed at ports of entry where wildlife shipments are presented for customs clearance.

The purpose of this report is to list, by species, the number of mammals declared for importation into the United States in 1971. Scientists, wildlife managers, conservationists, and others may be interested in this list because: it will indicate pressures exerted on certain populations of wild mammals and point out the need for their conservation; it may reveal species that could become pests if established in the wild; it will help mammalogists determine the source of exotic species found in the wild; it will indicate taxa of mammals that must be identified at ports of entry to prevent importation of prohibited mammals; it may suggest improvements in procedures of recording declarations of imported wildlife; and it may indicate the availability of species that are useful in research. Comparison of this list with previous ones and with lists that may be issued in the future may indicate trends or changes in importance of various species in research and in the pet trade.

### **PROCEDURES**

Procedures were largely as indicated in Clapp and Banks (1973). A notebook was compiled, from original and xerographic copies of forms, that listed totals by species name, by country, and by number imported. We found, as in that study, that the combinations of common and scientific names used were often of an appallingly low order of accuracy. For example, the great preponderance of raccoons were listed as Procyon lotor, although the area of origin for most of them suggests to us that almost all were certainly P. cancrivorus. Primate names, particularly those of South American species, also were frequently suspect. Peculiar combinations of common and scientific names, when taken in conjunction with known geographic ranges of the species, clearly indicated that many South American monkeys are poorly or inadequately identified on the import forms. This seemed particularly true of the genera Cebus, Ateles, and Saguinus, except S. oedipus. Soini (1972) has indicated, for example, that the principal species of tamarin exported from the Amazonian region of Peru is Saguinus fuscicollis, including S. illigeri, yet a total of only 293 of 1,472 (20%) Saguinus imported from Peru in 1970 and 1971 were reported on declaration forms as illigeri and none were reported as fuscicollis.

Some scientific names were also used as a "catchall" for species in a genus or even for species belonging to different families. Coendou prehensilis, for example, was used for porcupines from Honduras and Nicaragua although the only species in this genus occurring there is C. mexicanus. The name was also used for seven porcupines imported from Thailand although the animals were certainly hystricids rather than erethizontids. Frequently species were listed with only generic names although only one species occurs in the stated country of origin. For example, Three-toed Sloths were listed as Bradypus sp. when in a number of instances it seems almost certain that they could be safely identified as B. infuscatus.

As a consequence of our analysis we have in some instances rejected the identifications listed on the import declarations and have preferred to list the animals in question under less specific names. In other instances we have supplied a species identification on the basis of geographic range as well as on a consideration of the general level of taxonomic competence (or incompetence) exhibited by a given importer. Although it is possible that some errors may have been incorporated as a result of our analysis, we feel that, on the whole, our procedure has resulted in a more accurate appraisal of what animals are actually imported.

Nomenclature of mammals used in this report follows the sources listed in the preceding report (Paradiso and Fisher. 1972). Orders and families are arranged in phylogenetic sequence according to Anderson and Jones (1967); names of genera are alphabetized within each family.

This report is not intended in any way as a systematic treatment. No scientific or common names or combinations of names used herein are proposed as new names.

### NUMBER OF MAMMALS IMPORTED, BY ORDER AND FAMILY

The following list of the number of imported mammals in the various orders and families will serve in part both as a Table of Contents and Summary of the Systematic List which follows it. Totals for 1968 through 1971 are included and should serve as a summary of the overall magnitude of mammal importations during these 4 years.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS AND SUMMARY OF IMPORTATION BY ORDERS AND FAMILIES - 1968-1971

Page	Group	Number in Family 1971	Number in Family 1968-1971	Number in Order 1971	Number in Order 1968-1971
7 7	Monotremata Tachyglossidae	5	21	5	21
7 7	Marsupialia Didelphidae Dasyuridae Peramelidae	1,446	4,440 32 12	1,645	5,993
7 8	Phalangeridae Phascolomidae Macropodidae	32  167	1,097 3 409		
8 8 9	Insectivora Erinaceidae Tenrecidae Solenodontidae	155 8 	705 10 4	871	2,855
9	Soricidae Tupaiidae	708	17 2,119		
9 9	Dermoptera Cynocephalidae	8	14	8	14
9 9	Chiroptera Pteropidae Noctilionidae Megadermatidae	10 	39 43 6	322	1,454 <u>1</u> /
9	Rhinolophidae Phyllostomatidae <sup>2</sup> / Thyropteridae Vesptertilionidae Molossidae	312	1,290 <u>1/</u> * 5 49 <u>1/</u>		

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{This}$  total is low because no number was listed on the import declarations for some animals imported in 1968.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{This}$  taxon includes the families Mormoopidae and Desmodontidae, which were listed separately in earlier import listings.

<sup>\*</sup>No number was listed on the 1968 import declarations.

Page	Group	Number in Family 1971	Number in Family 1968-1971	Number in Order 1971	Number in Order 1968-1971
10	Primates			79,887	380,841
10	Lemuridae	17	37 11		
10	Indridae Lorisidae Tarsiidae	438	1,242 1		
10	Cebidae	43,675	214,137		
13	Callithricidae	5,552	24,659		
14	Cercopithecidae	29,810	139,205		
17	Hylobatidae	139 211	539 965		
17	Pongidae (Unidentifiable	211	903		
18	Primates)	45	45		
18	Edentata			634	2,537
18	Myrmecophagidae	489	1,865		,
18	Bradypodidae	60	484		
19	Dasypodidae	85	188		
19	Pholidota			23	62
19	Manidae	23	62		
19	Lagomorpha			60	14,008
19	Leporidae	60	14,008		,
20	Rodentia			1,742	8,211
20	Sciuridae	746	2,127	·	
21	Heteromyidae	20	61		
21	Pedetidae	14	42		
21	Cricetidae	71	490		
21	Muridae Gliridae	290	1,446 10		
21	Hystricidae	 17	75		
22	Erethizontidae	35	155		
22	Caviidae	30	1,771		
22	Hydrochaeridae	172	650		
22	Dinomyidae	1	18		
22	Dasyproctidae	327	1,222		
23	Chinchillidae	7	83 49		
23	Capromyidae +Octodontidae	5	49 5		
23	+Echimyidae	7	7		

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a family that did not appear in previous listings.

Page	Group	Number in Family 1971	Number in Family 1968-1971	Number in Order 1971	Number in Order 1968-1971
23 23 24	Cetacea +Eschrichtiidae Balaenopteridae Monodontidae Platanistidae	1   4	1 3 3 11	17	100
24	Phocoenidae De1phinidae (Unknown)	12	14 28 40		
24 24 24 25 26 27	Carnivora Canidae Ursidae Procyonidae Mustelidae Viverridae Hyaenidae Felidae	42 75 2,703 222 159  955	135 295 10,599 1,375 224 8 4,552	4,156	17,188
30 30 31	Pinnepedia Otariidae Odobenidae Phocidae	30  11	36 4 82	41	122
	Tubulidentata Orycteropodidae		9		9
31 31	Proboscidea Elephantidae	67	170	67	170
31 31	Hyracoidea Procaviidae	33	78	33	78
	Sirenia Trichechidae		6		6
31 31 32 32	Perissodactyla Equidae Tapiridae Rhinocerotidae	109 5 15	259 228 33	129	520

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a family that did not appear in previous listings.

Page	Group	Number in Family 1971	Number in Family 1968-1971	Number in Order 1971	Number in Order 1968-1971
32	Artiodactyla			201	836
	Suidae		3		
	Tayassuidae		2		
32	Hippopotamidae	3	10		
32	Camelidae	46	106		
32	Cervidae	79	165		
33	Giraffidae	7	51		
_	Antilocapridae		3		
33	Bovidae	66	496		
	Unknown	13 89,854	$\frac{977}{436,002}$	13 89,854	$\frac{977}{436,002}$

# SYSTEMATIC LIST\*

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
	MONOTREMATA		
	TACHYGLOSSIDAE		
Spiny Anteater	Tachyglossus aculeatus	New Guinea	1
Spiny Anteater	+Tachyglossus setosus	Australia	2
New Guinean Spiny Anteater	Zaglossus bruijni	New Guinea	2
	MARSUPIALIA		
	DIDELPHIDAE		
Woolly Opossum	Caluromys derbíanus	Costa Rica Honduras Nicaragua Panama	7 19 1 4 31
Murine Opossum	Marmosa robinsoni	Colombia	61
Murine Opossum Mouse Opossum Pigmy Opossum	Marmosa sp.	Argentina Colombia Nicaragua Peru	1,311 12 1,326
Brown Four-eyed Opossum	Metachirus nudicaudatus	Honduras	10
Gray Four-eyed Opossum	Philander opossum PHALANGERIDAE	Nicaragua	18
Cuscus	Phalanger orientalis	Br. Solomon	Is 4
Brush-tailed Possum	Trichosurus vulpecula	New Zealand	28

<sup>\*</sup>The proper scientific name appears opposite the first common name. Indented below the proper scientific name are synonyms and other combinations used in conjunction with one or more of the common names listed. All numerical entries refer to the first combination of common and scientific names listed.

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
	MACROPODIDAE		
Doria's Tree Kangaroo	+Dendrolagus dorianus	New Guinea	2
Goodfellow's Tree Kangaroo	Dendrolagus goodfellowî	New Guinea	9
Tree Kangaroo	Pendrolagus sp.	New Guinea	6
Scrub Wallaby Dama Wallaby	Macropus eugenii Wallabia eugenii	New Zealand	81
Wallaroo	Macropus robustus	Australia	2
Red-necked Wallaby Bennett's Wallaby	Macropus rufogriseus Wallabia rufogrisea	Australi <b>a</b> Indonesia New Zealand	$ \begin{array}{r} 2\\13\\\underline{6}\\21 \end{array} $
Red Kangaroo	Megaleia rufa Macropus rufus	Australia Unknown	$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$
Kangaroo		Australia	3
Rock Wallaby	Petrogale penicillata	New Zealand	3
Rock Wallaby	Petrogale sp.	Australia Singapore New Zealand	15 2 10 27
Wallaby		Canada New Zealand	$\frac{1}{6}$
Long-nosed Rat-Kangaroo	+Potorous tridactylus	Australia	4
	INSECTIVORA		
	ERINACEIDAE		
Senegambian Hedgehog	Erinaceus albiventris	Dahomey	17

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Number Origin Reported
European Hedgehog	Erinaceus europaeus	France 12 Pakistan 30 West Germany 10 52
Long-eared Desert Hedgehog	Hemiechinus auritus	Pakistan 50
Long-eared Desert Hedgehog	Hemiechinus megalotis	Pakistan 9
Ethiopian Hedgehog	Paraechinus aethiopicus	West Germany 17
Algerian Hedgegog		West Germany 10
	TENRECIDAE	
Streaked Tenrec	+Hemicentetes sp.	Madagascar 8
	TUPALIDAE	
Common Tree Shrew	Tupaia glis	Thailand 627
Tree Shrew	Tupaia sp.	Thailand 81
	DERMOPTERA	
	CYNOCEPHALIDAE	
Gliding Lemur	Cynocephalus variegatus	Thailand 8
	CHIROPTERA	
	PTEROPODIDAE	
Indian Flying Fox	Pteropus giganteus	Thailand 5
Gray-headed Fruit Bat	+Pteropus poliocephalus	Australia 5
	PHYLLOSTOMATIDAE	
Short-tailed Fruit Bat	Carollia perspicillata	Trinidad 40
Vampire Bat	Desmodus rotundus	Mexico 272

 $<sup>{}^{+}\</sup>text{Indicates}$  a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Number Origin Reported	d		
	PRIMATES				
	LEMURIDAE				
Ring-tailed Lemur	Lemur catta	Canada I France 2	1 2 3		
Mongoose Lemur	Lemur mongoz	France 9	9		
Ruffed Lemur	Lemur variegatus	Madagascar Switzerland	2 <u>1</u> 3		
Lesser Mouse Lemur	Microcebus murinus	Madagascar 2	2		
	LORISIDAE				
Angwantibo	+Arctocebus calabarensis	Cameroon	1		
Allen's Galago	+Galago alleni	Cameroon	1		
Demidoff's Galago	Galago demidovii	Cameroon Dahomey 150			
Senegal Galago Bushbaby Night Ape	Galago senegalensis	Botswana 108 kenya 5.	3		
Slender Loris	Loris tardigradus	West Germany	2		
Slow Loris	Nycticebus coucang	Singapore 1: Thailand 59	9		
Potto Bosman's Potto	Perodicticus potto	Dahomey 48 Liberia 50	2		
CEBIDAE					
Black Howler Monkey	+Alouatta caraya	Paraguay 18	8		

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Red Howler Monkey	Alouatta seniculus	Colombia Peru	$\frac{10}{11}$
Mantled Howler Monkey	Alouatta villosa Alouatta palliata	Colombia Honduras Nicaragua	12 2 33 47
Douroucouli Ow1 Monkey Night Monkey	Aotus trivirgatus	Colombia Panama Paraguay Peru	3,069 4 1 654 3,728
Long-haired Spider Monkey	Ateles belzebuth	Colombia Peru	14 27 41
Brown-headed Spider Monkey	Ateles fusciceps	Colombia	129
Black-handed Spider Monkey	Ateles geoffroyi	Colombia Costa Rica Honduras Nicaragua Panama Peru	612 6 10 870 2 117 1,617
Black Spider Monkey	Ateles paniscus	Peru	82
Spider Monkey	Ateles sp.	Colombia Peru	$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \underline{5} \\ 20 \end{array}$
Dusky Titi Monkey Red Titi Monkey	Callicebus moloch Callicebus cupreus	Colombia Paraguay Peru	9 1 30 40
Titi Monkey	Callicebus sp.	Colombia Peru	82 52 134

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
White-fronted Capuchin Cinnamon Ringtail Ringtail Monkey	Cebus albifrons Cebus aequatorialis	Brazil Colombia Ecuador Guyana Paraguay Peru	37 1,343 4 27 69 741 2,221
Black-capped Capuchin Tufted Capuchin	Cebus apella Cebus paraguayanus	Colombia Guyana Paraguay Peru	131 497 1,404 2,036
White-throated Capuchin White-faced Ringtail White-faced Sapajou	Cebus capucínus	Brazil Colombia Costa Rica Ecuador Guyana Honduras Nicaragua Panama	3 928 1 28 10 20 142 1 1,133
Weeper Capuchin	Cebus nigrivittatus	Colombia Paraguay Peru	$   \begin{array}{r}     22 \\     10 \\     \hline     1 \\     \hline     33   \end{array} $
Capuchin	Cebus sp.	Paraguay	196
Woolly Monkey	Lagothrix lagothricha Lagothrix cana	Brazil Colombia Ecuador Peru	2 442 1 1,781 2,226
Monk Saki	Pithecia monachus	Colombia Guyana Peru	15 5 63 83
Pale-headed Saki	Pithecia pithecia	Guyana	1

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Squirrel Monkey	+Saimiri verstedii	Nicaragua	2
Squirrel Monkey	Saimiri sciureus	Brazil Colombia Guyana Peru	253 6,276 424 22,924 29,877
	CALLITHRICIDAE		
White-fronted Marmoset	Callithrix geoffroyi	Brazil	24
Common Marmoset	Callithrix jacchus	Braz <b>i</b> l	3
Black-eared Marmoset	Callithrix penicillata	Brazil	26
Pigmy Marmoset	Cebuella pygmaea	Colombia Peru	127 39 166
Geoffroy's Tamarin	Saguinus geoffroyi	Panama	12
Red-mantled Tamarin	Saguinus illigeri	Peru	293
Moustached Tamarin	Saguinus mystax	Colombia Peru	735 <u>1</u> / 128 863
White-lipped Tamarin	Saguinus nigricollis	Colombia Guyana Peru	$982\frac{1}{8}$ $797$ $1,787$
Cotton-top Marmoset	Saguinus oedipus Oedipomidas oedipus	Brazil Colombia Peru	$   \begin{array}{r}     300\frac{2}{} \\     1,999 \\     \hline     75 \\     \hline     2,374   \end{array} $

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Possibly these animals were misidentified or transhipped from other countries as this species is not native to the country of origin listed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Possibly these animals were misidentified.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Number Origin Reported	Ļ
Negro Marmoset	Saguinus tamarin	Honduras 1	
Marmoset	******	Peru 3	
	CERCOPITHECIDAE		
Sooty Mangabey	Cercocebus atys Cercocebus fuliginosus	Ghana 3 Liberia 1 4	- -
Grivet Monkey African Green Monkey	Cercopithecus aethiops	Ethiopia 1,131 Somalia 1,080 2,211	
Redtail Monkey	Cercopithecus ascanius	Kenya 6	
Diana Monkey	Cercopithecus diana	Ghana 1 Liberia 4 Sierra Leone 32	
Mona Monkey Mona Guenon	Cercopithecus mona	Dahomey 8 England 1 Ghana 5 Liberia 1 Sierra Leone 6	
De Brazza's Monkey	Cercopithecus neglectus	Kenya 3	
Spot-nosed Monkey Putty-nosed Monkey White-nosed Monkey Spot-nosed Guenon	Cercopithecus nictitans	Ghana13Liberia3Nigeria1Sierra Leone825	
Allen's Swamp Monkey	Cercopithecus nigroviridis	England 3	
Lesser Spot-nosed Monkey	+Cercopithecus petaurista	Ghana 2	
Vervet Monkey African Green Monkey	Cercopithecus pygerythrus	Botswana       1         Kenya       275         Tanzania       330         606	<u>3/</u>

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Most of these animals were listed on the import declarations as *C. aethiops*, but we have included them as these species on the basis of the ranges given by Dandelot (1959)

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Green Monkey	+Cercopithecus sabaeus	Ghana Sierra Leone	3 <u>3</u> 4/
Monkey	Cercopithecus sp.	Ethiopia	15
Colobus Monkey	Colobus guereza	Kenya	7
Colobus Monkey	Colobus sp.	Kenya	6
Patas Monkey	Erythrocebus patas	Ghana Nigeria Sudan	$   \begin{array}{r}     13 \\     90 \\     \hline     2 \\     \hline     105   \end{array} $
Stump-tailed Macaque	Macaca arctoides Macaca speciosa	Laos Malaysia Singapore Thailand	6 127 5 1,069 1,207
Formosan Rock Macaque	Macaca cyclopis	Taiwan	20
Crab-eating Macaque Cynomolgus Monkey Java Macaque Longtail Macaque	Macaca fascicularis Macaca irus	Indonesia Laos Malaysia Philippines Singapore Thailand	50 1 984 430 7 255 1,727
Celebes Macaque	Macaca maura	Singapore	6
Rhesus Macaque Rhesus Monkey	Macaca mulatta	England India Laos Pakistan S. Vietnam Thailand	6 21,376 6 190 1 518 22,097

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Most of these animals were listed on the import declarations as C. aethiops, but we have included them as these species on the basis of the ranges given by Dandelot (1959).

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Pig-tailed Macaque	Macaca nemestrîna	Indonesia Laos Malaysia Singapore Thailand	30 6 147 2 251 436
Celebes Black Ape	Macaca nigra Cynopithecus niger	Singapore	5
Bonnet Monkey	Macaca radiata	India	28
Lion-tailed Macaque	Macaca silenus	India	2
Barbary Ape	Macaca sylvana	Morocco	5
Swart Macaque Swart Monkey Swartz	Macaca Sp. M. assamensis M. sinica M. speciosa M. cynomolgus M. silenus	Thailand	34
Proboscis Monkey	Nasalis larvatus	Indonesia	2
Olive Baboon	Papio anubis P. a. doguera	Ethiopia Ghana Kenya Senegal Tanzania Unknown	$   \begin{array}{r}     22 \\     2 \\     530 \\     50 \\     131 \\     \underline{16} \\     751   \end{array} $
Yellow Baboon	Papio cynocephalus	Kenya Tanzania	$\frac{231}{290}$
Hamadryas Baboon	Papio hamadryas	Ethiopia Netherlands	$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ \frac{2}{22} \end{array}$
Guinea Baboon	Papio papio	Senegal	32
Baboon	Papio sp.	Kenya	27
Silvered Leaf Monkey	Presbytis cristatus	Singapore Thailand	$\begin{array}{r} 1\\ \frac{34}{35} \end{array}$

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Hanuman Langur	Presbytis entellus	Indonesia Thailand	1 19 20
Banded Leaf Monkey	Presbytis melalophos	Malaysia	2
Dusky Langur Spectacled Langur	Presbytis obscurus	Malaysia Thailand	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ \underline{9}\\ \overline{10} \end{array}$
Douc Langur	Pygathrix nemaeus	Thailand	5
Gelada Baboon	Theropithecus gelada	Ethiopia	20
	HYLOBATIDAE		
Dark-handed Gibbon	Hylobates agilis	Laos	29
Black Gibbon White-cheeked Gibbon	Hylobates concolor	Laos Singapore	32 2 34
White-handed Gibbon	Hylobates lar	Laos Singapore	$\frac{14}{27}$
Siamang Gibbon	Hylobates syndactylus Symphalangus syndactylus	Singapore Thailand	42 1 43
Gibbon	Hylobates sp.	Laos	6
	PONGIDAE		
Chimpanzee	Chimpansee troglodytes Pan troglodytes Anthropithecus troglodytes	Chana Ivory Coast Liberia Sierra Leone Unknown	4 10 87 103 1 205
Gorilla	Gorilla gorilla G. g. gorilla	Congo Israel West German	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\1\\3\\\overline{5}\end{array}$

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Orang-utan	Pongo pygmaeus	Netherlands	1
	(Unidentifiable Primates) <sup>5/</sup>	Colombia Kenya Laos Thailand	$     \begin{array}{r}       1 \\       2 \\       1 \\       \hline       41 \\       \hline       45     \end{array} $
	EDENTATA		
	MYRMECOPHAGIDAE		
Silky Anteater	Cyclopes dídactylus	Costa Rica Panama Trinidad	1 3 <u>1</u> 5
Giant Anteater Greater Anteater	Myrmecophaga tridactyla Myrmecophaga jubata	Colombia Guyana Peru	63 2 10 75
Tamandua Lesser Anteater	Tamandua tetradactyla	Colombia Honduras Peru	$   \begin{array}{r}     386 \\     2 \\     \hline     409   \end{array} $
	BRADYPODIDAE		
Three-toed Sloth	+Bradypus ínfuscatus	Colombia Nicaragua Peru	$ \begin{array}{r} 22 \\ 3 \\ \underline{3} \\ 28 \end{array} $
Two-toed Sloth	Choloepus di <b>d</b> actylus	Colombia Peru	13 2 15
Two-toed Sloth Hoffmann's Sloth	Choloepus hoffmanni	Colombia Nicaragua Panama Peru	4 5 5 3 17

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>These include all primates whose names on the import forms were so inadequate (e.g. 'monkey' with no scientific name listed) that we could not assign them to any family).

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
	DASYPODIDAE		
Naked-tailed Armadillo	+Cabassous centralis	Honduras	12
Hairy Armadillo	Chaetophractus villosus	Paraguay	45
Nine-banded Armadillo	Dasypus novemcinctus	Brit. Hondur Mexico Trinidad	ras 5 1 7 13
Seven-banded Armadillo	+Dasypus septemcinctus	Argentina	2
Three-banded Armadillo	Tolypeutes matacus	Argentina	8
Armadillo		Guyana Paraguay Peru	2 2 <u>1</u> 5
	PHOLIDOTA		
	MANIDAE		
Malayan Pangolin	Manis javanica	Thailand	13
Chinese Pangolin	Manis pentadactyla	Thailand	1
African Tree Pangolin	Manis tricuspis	Cameroon	1
Pangolin	Manis sp.	Thailand	8
	LAGOMORPHA		
	LEPORIDAE		
Snowshoe Hare	Lepus americanus	Canada	60

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
	RODENTIA		
	SCIURIDAE		
Black Flying Squirrel	+Aeromys sp.	Thailand	6
Finlayson's Squirrel	Callosciurus finlaysoni	Thailand	8
Prevost's Squirrel	Callosciurus prevosti	Thail <i>a</i> nd	4
Beautiful Squirrel	Callosciurus sp.	Thailand	136
Yellow-bellied Marmot	+Marmota flaviventris	Canada	4
Berdmore's Squirrel	+Menetes berdmorei	Thailand	1
Common Giant Flying Squirrel	+Petaurista petaurista	Thailand	1
Dwarf Flying Squirrel	<sup>+</sup> Petinomys setosus Petinomys phipsoni	Thailand	30
Malayan Giant Squirrel	+Ratufa bicolor	Thailand	2
Indian Giant Squirrel	Ratufa indica	Thailand	1
Tropical Red Squirrel	Sciurus granatensis	Colombia Honduras Nicaragua	$   \begin{array}{r}     234 \\     2 \\     10 \\     \hline     246   \end{array} $
Variegated Squirrel Silver Squirrel	Sciurus variegatoides	Honduras Nicaragua	9 <u>73</u> 82
Squirre1	Sciurus sp.	Colombia Honduras	25 12 37
Squirrel		Thailand	86
Flying Squirrel		Thailand	102

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
	HETEROMYIDAE		
Kangaroo Rat	Dipodomys sp.	Mexico	1
Spiny Pocket Mouse	+Perognathus spinatus	Mexico	12
Pocket Mouse	Perognathus sp.	Mexico	7
	PEDETIDAE		
African Jumping Hare Spring Hare	Pedetes capensis	Botswana Tanzania	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ \underline{6} \\ 14 \end{array}$
	CRICETIDAE		
Gerbil	+Meriones sp.	Israel	30
Wood Rat	Neotoma sp.	Mexico	1
Angel Island Mouse	+Peromyscus guardía P. g. guardía P. g. ínterparietalís	Mexico	22
Deer Mouse	Peromyscus sp.	Costa Rica Mexico	4 <u>5</u> 9
Brown Mouse	+Scotinomys sp.	Costa Rica	5
Climbing Rat	+Tylomys sp.	Panama	4
	MURIDAE		
Pacific Rat	Rattus exulans	Hawaii	290
	HYSTRICIDAE		
Brush-tailed Porcupine	Atherwrus macrowrus	Thailand	1
Malayan Porcupine	Hystrix brachywrwm	Thailand	4
African Porcupine	Hystrix galeata	Kenya	1

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported	
Porcupine		Malaysia Thailand	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 7 \\ \hline 11 \end{array}$	
	ERETHIZONTIDAE			
Prehensile-tailed Porcupine	+Coendou bicolor	Peru	10	
Prehensile-tailed Porcupine	+Coendou mexicanus	Honduras Nicaragua	5 9 14	
Prehensile-tailed Porcupine	Coendou sp.	Colombia	11	
	CAVIIDAE			
Guinea Pig	Cavia porcellus	Canada	20	
Guinea Pig	Cavia sp.	Peru	10	
	HYDROCHAERIDAE			
Capybara	Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris Hydrochaeris capybara	Brazil Colombia Guyana Peru	5 137 1 29 172	
	DINOMYIDAE			
Pacarana	Dinomys branickii	Peru	1	
DASYPROCTIDAE				
Paca	Agouti paca Cuniculus paca	Colombia Guyana Honduras Nicaragua Peru	10 1 3 14 29 57	

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Agouti	Dasyprocta aguti	Guyana Panama Peru	1 4 23 28
Agouti	Dasyprocta fulíginosa	Brazil Colombia Guyana Peru	5 22 2 115 144
Agouti	Dasyprocta punctata	Honduras Nicaragua	$\frac{16}{23}$ $\frac{39}{39}$
Agouti	Dasyprocta sp.	Colombia Peru	$\frac{4}{32}$ $\frac{32}{36}$
Acushi	Myoprocta sp.	Peru	23
	CHINCHILLIDAE		
Viscacha	Lagostomus/Lagidium sp.	Argentina	4
Viscacha	+Lagidium peruanum +OCTODONTIDAE	Bolivia	3
Brush-tailed Rat	+Octodontomys gliroides  +ECHIMYIDAE	Bolivia	5
Armored Rat	+Hopolomys gymnwrus CETACEA	Panama	7
	<sup>†</sup> ESCHRICHTIIDAE		
Gray Whale	+Eschrichtius gibbosus	Mexico	1

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
	PLATANISTIDAE		
Amazon Dolphin	Inia geoffrensis	Brazil P <b>e</b> ru	$\frac{1}{\frac{3}{4}}$
	DELPHINIDAE		
Killer Whale	Orcinus orca	Canada	1
Gill's Bottle-nosed Dolphin	Tursiops gilli	Mexico	11
	CARNIVORA		
	CANIDAE		
Domestic Dog	Canis familiaris	Ghana	1
Coyote	Canis latrans	Canada	5
Gray Wolf	Canis lupus	Canada	5
Savannah Fox	Cerdocyon thous	Colombia	4
Maned Wolf	Chrysocyon brachywrus	Denmark West German	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & & \\ \frac{1}{3} & & \end{array}$
Fennec	Fennecus zerda	Italy Libya Netherlands	2 1 15 18
African Hunting Dog	Lycaon pictus	SW. Africa	3
Aardwolf	Proteles cristatus	SW. Africa	1
Bush Dog	Speothos venaticus	Guyana	2
	URSIDAE		
Malayan Sun Bear	Helarctos malayanus	Laos Singapore Thailand	$     \begin{array}{r}       1 \\       3 \\       \hline       25 \\       \hline       29     \end{array} $

Common Name	Scientific Name	•	Number Reported
Sloth Bear	Melursus ursinus	India	5
Asiatic Black Bear Himalayan Black Bear	Selenarctos thibetanus Ursus thibetanus	India Thailand	14 13 27
Bear	Melursus/Selenarctos	India	2
American Black Bear	Ursus americanus	Canada	5
Brown Bear	Ursus arctos	U.S.S.R.	2
Polar Bear	Ursus maritimus	Canada Unknown	3 2 5
	PROCYONIDAE		
Lesser Panda	Ailurus fulgens	India	17
Cacomistle	<sup>†</sup> Bassariscus sumichrasti Jentinkia sumichrasti	Brit. Hondura Honduras	$\begin{array}{cc}  & 1 \\  & \frac{2}{3} \end{array}$
Coati	Nasua nasua Nasua narica	Colombia Ecuador Guyana Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Panama Paraguay Peru Unknown	99 3 5 176 1 101 9 73 661 1 1,129
Little Coati	<sup>+</sup> Nasuella olivacea	Guyana	3

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Potos flavus	Colombia Ecuador Guatemala Guyana Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Peru	203 84 1 5 20 4 23 216 556
Procyon cancrivorus Procyon lotor	Colombia Guyana Honduras Nicaragua	$   \begin{array}{r}     950 \frac{6}{16} \\     1 \frac{6}{2} \\     2 \\     8 \\     \hline     961   \end{array} $
Procyon lotor	Honduras Nicaragua	$\frac{10}{24}$ $\overline{34}$
MUSTELI DAE		
Amblonyx cinerea	Malaysia Thailand	10 69 79
Eira barbara	Colombia Honduras Peru	32 2 16 50
Galictis vittata	Colombia Ecuador Honduras Paraguay Peru	34 3 3 2 1 43
Galictis sp.	Paraguay	2
Gulo gulo	Canada	1
Lutra annectens	Colombia	5
	Procyon cancrivorus Procyon lotor  Procyon lotor  MUSTELIDAE  Amblonyx cinerea  Eira barbara  Galictis vittata  Galictis sp. Gulo gulo	Scientific Name  Potos Glavus  Colombia Ecuador Guatemala Guyana Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Peru  Procyon cancrivorus Colombia Guyana Honduras Nicaragua  Procyon lotor  Honduras Nicaragua  MUSTELIDAE  Amblonyx cinerea Malaysia Thailand  Eira barbara Colombia Honduras Peru  Galictis vittata Colombia Ecuador Honduras Paraguay Peru  Galictis sp. Paraguay  Gulo gulo Canada

 $<sup>^6\</sup>mathrm{Most}$  of these animals (929) were reported, probably erroneously, as Procyon lotor on the import declarations.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Old World River Otter	Lutra lutra	Thailand	8
Spotted-necked Otter	+Lutra maculicollis	Uganda	1
Otter	Lutra sp.	Peru Thailand	2 26 28
Hooded Skunk	+Mephitis macrowra	Honduras	1
Ermine	Mustela erminea	Canada	3
Giant Otter	Pteronura brasiliensis	Colombia	1
	VIVERRIDAE		
Binturong	Arctictis bintwrong	Thailand	2
Ring-tailed Mongoose	+Galidia elegans	Madagascar	2
Genet	Genetta sp.	Liberia	1
Dwarf Mongoose	Helogale parvula	Kenya	1
Banded Palm Civet	Hemigalus derbyanus	Thailand	1
Mongoose	+Herpestes auropunctatus	Virgin Islan	ds 26
Masked Palm Civet	Paguma larvata	Thailand	6
Common Palm Civet	Paradoxurus hermaphroditus	Indonesia Thailand	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 78\\ 80 \end{array}$
Banded Linsang	Prionodon linsang	Thailand	3
Lesser Oriental Civet	Viverricula indica	Indonesia Thailand	$\begin{array}{r} 1\\ \underline{36}\\ \overline{37} \end{array}$

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Number Origin Reported
	FELIDAE	
Cheetah	Acinonyx jubatus	Somalia 7 SW. Africa 5 Tanzania 1 West Germany 2 15
Golden Cat	+Felis awrata	Liberia 2
Leopard Cat	Felis bengalensis	Indonesia 1 Japan 2 Laos 1 Singapore 1 Thailand 190 Unknown 9 204
Domestic Cat	Felis catus	Taiwan2Thailand $\frac{1}{3}$
Jungle Cat	Felis chaus	Thailand 5
Puma Cougar Mountain Lion	Felis concolor	Argentina 6 Brit. Honduras 1 Canada 1 Colombia 13 Paraguay 16 Peru 2 Virgin Islands 1 40
Geoffroy's Cat	Felis geoffroyi	Paraguay 13
Marbled Cat	Felis marmorata	Malaysia 1
Ocelot	Felis pardalis	Brazil 7 Bolivia 2 Colombia 147 Costa Rica 2 Ecuador 14 Guatemala 1

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Ocelot (cont'd)	Felis pardalis	Guyana Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Panama Paraguay Peru	3 12 1 24 1 13 132 359
Flat-headed Cat	Felis planiceps	Malaysia Singapore	$\frac{2}{\frac{1}{3}}$
Serval	Felis serval	Kenya	1
Temminck's Golden Cat	Felis temmincki	Thailand	4
Margay	Felis wiedii	Brazil Colombia Ecuador Guyana Mexico Nicaragua Panama Paraguay	3 5 4 2 1 12 1 24 13 65
Jaguarundi	Felis yagouaroundi Herpailurus yagouaroundi	Colombia Ecuador Honduras Nicaragua Paraguay Peru	159 3 6 1 2 10 181
Cat	Felis sp.	Bolivia Brit. Hondu India Thailand	1 1 1 2 5
Lion	Leo leo	England Jamaica Kenya Unknown	$     \begin{array}{r}       1 \\       3 \\       12 \\       \hline       17     \end{array} $

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
Jaguar	Leo onca Felis onca Panthera onca	Brit. Hondum Canada Colombia Honduras Nicaragua Panama Peru	cas 2 2 3 1 3 1 2 14
Leopard	Leo pardus L. p. japonensis	Canada Denmark Laos Netherlands Thailand	$     \begin{array}{r}       1 \\       4 \\       3 \\       1 \\       \hline       10     \end{array} $
Tiger	Leo tigris Panthera tigris	Canada Malaysia	$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$
Canada Lynx	Lynx canadensis	Canada	2
Caracal	Lynx caracal	Somalia	2
Clouded Leopard	Neofelis nebulosa	Denmark Malaysia	$\frac{1}{2}$
Snow Leopard	Uncía uncia	Denmark Netherlands U.S.S.R.	2 1 2 5
	PINNIPEDIA		
	PHOCIDAE		
	OTARI I DAE		
African Fur Seal	+Arctocephalus pusillus	S. Africa	10
California Sea Lion	Zalophus californianus	Mexico	20

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of A	Number eported
	PHOCIDAE		
Elephant Seal	Mirounga angustirostris	Mexico	6
Baikal Seal	Pusa sibirica	West Germany	5
	PROBOSCIDEA		
	ELEPHANTIDAE		
Indian Elephant	Elephas maximus	Cambodia Thailand	$\frac{1}{40}$
African Elephant	Loxodonta africana	Kenya Rhodesia	19 <u>7</u> 26
	HYRACOIDEA		
	PROCAVI I DAE		
Tree Hyrax	Dendrohyrax dorsalis	Dahomey	2
Rock Hyrax	Heterohyrax syriacus	Canada Ethiopia	3 12 15
Rock Hyrax	Procavía capensis	Kenya SW. Africa	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\ \underline{12}\\ \overline{16} \end{array}$
	PERISSODACTYLA		
	EQUIDAE		
Burchell's Zebra Grant's Zebra	Equus burchelli	Kenya SW. Africa Unknown	41 31 2 74
Grevy's Zebra	Equus grevyi	Kenya	17
Mountain Zebra Hartmann's Zebra	Equus zebra	SW. Africa	18

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
	TAPIRIDAE		
Asian Tapir Malayan Tapir	Tapirus indicus	Denmark Laos	$\frac{1}{\frac{2}{3}}$
Brazilian Tapir	Tapirus terrestris	Peru	2
	RHINOCEROTIDAE		
White Rhinoceros	Ceratotherium simum	S. Africa West Germany	$ \begin{array}{c} 12 \\ \frac{2}{14} \end{array} $
Black Rhinoceros	Diceros bicornis	Kenya	1
	ARTIODACTYLA		
	HIPPOPOTAMIDAE		
Pigmy Hippopotamus	Choeropsis liberiensis	Denmark Liberia	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ \frac{2}{3} \end{array}$
	CAMELIDAE		
Dromedary Camel	Camelus dromedarius	Australia	42
Guanaco	Lama guanaco	Canada	3
Alpaca	Lama pacos	Canada	1
	CERVIDAE		
Red Deer	Cervus elaphus	West German	y 3
Eld Deer	Cervus eldi	West German	y 1
Sika Deer Formosan Sika Deer	Cervus nippon C. n. taiouanus	Canada West German	$y \frac{3}{6}$
Pere David's Deer	Elaphurus davidianus	Canada	2
Red Brocket	Mazama americana	Mexico	7
Mule Deer	Odocoileus hemionus	Canada	16

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country of Origin	Number Reported
White-tailed Deer	Odocoileus virginianus	Canada Guatemala	35 4 39
Reindeer	Rangifer tarandus	Canada	5
	GIRAFFIDAE		
Giraffe	Giraffa camelopardalis	Australia SW. Africa	$\frac{6}{\frac{1}{7}}$
	BOVIDAE		
Impala	Aepyceros melampus A. m. melampus	SW. Africa Unknown	1 4 5
Red Hartebeest	Alcelaphus buselaphus Alcelaphus caama	SW. Africa	3
Springbuck	+Antidorcas marsupialis	SW. Africa	3
Gaur	+Bos gawrus	West German	у 3
Ibex	Capra ibex	West German	y 3
Blesbok	+Damaliscus albifrons	West German	y 1
Roan Antelope	Hippotragus equinus	SW. Africa	14
Sable Antelope	Hippotragus niger	SW. Africa West German	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\ 3\\ \overline{7} \end{array}$
Common Waterbuck	Kobus ellipsiprymnus	Unknown	1
Red Goral <sup>7</sup> /	+Naemorhedus goral	West German	y 1
Domestic Sheep	Ovis aries	Canada	3
Dall's Sheep	Ovis dalli	Unknown	2

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

 $<sup>^{7}\</sup>mathrm{This}$  common name would apply better to N. cranbrooki than the species listed.

Common Name	Scientific Name	*	Number eported
Reedbuck	+Redunca redunca	Unknown	2
E1and	Tawrotragus oryx	SW. Africa	5
Nyala	Tragelaphus angasi	Unknown	2
Bushbuck	Tragelaphus scriptus	Unknown	2
Greater Kudu	Tragelaphus strepsiceros	SW. Africa West Germany Unknown	6 1 2 9
UNKNOWN		Colombia Guyana SW. Africa	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\1\\\underline{10}\\1\overline{3} \end{array}$

### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

## Yearly Comparisons and Summaries

Numbers of mammals declared for importation into the United States declined from 93,653 in 1970 to 89,854 in 1971, a decrease of 3,799 individuals representing 4.06%. This change is not very significant, however, as all of this decrease can be more than accounted for by the decreased importation of hares (*Lepus*) from Canada. As in previous years, primates constituted a large majority of all animals imported accounting for 79,887 individuals or 88.91% of the total. This figure is similar to those obtained in previous years. Other major groups were also largely imported in much the same proportions as in preceding years (see below) although the number of lagomorphs reported seems to be quite variable from year to year.

Group	Percent of Total Imports					
	1968	1969	1970	1971		
Primates Carmivora Rodentia Marsupialia Insectivora Edentata Chiroptera Subtotal Lagomorpha All others	87.80 2.75 2.10 .95 .54 .47 .20 <u>94.81</u> 4.52	88.61 3.75 1.90 1.73 .62 .62 .35 97.58 1.63 .79	83.69 5.19 1.52 1.06 .56 .58 .36 92.96 6.49 .55	88.91 4.63 1.94 1.83 .97 .71 .34 99.33 .07		

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a species or family that did not appear in previous listings.

In 1971 a smaller diversity of major taxa was recorded from the declarations than in any previous year. This may have been caused in part by our method of analysis but also may be a function of decreased total importation. Below is a comparison of the number of each of these taxal groups imported from 1968 through 1971. Numbers may vary somewhat from those presented in previous reports since some taxa listed as distinct in previous reports are considered synonymous here.

Years C	rders	Families	Genera	Species	Manmals Imported
1968	17	62	190	288	129,520
1969	19	67	202	299	122,975
1970	18	62	192	296	93,653
1971	17	57	173	275	89,854
Total Taxa					
For All Years	19	82	308	526	436,002

In 1971, 3 families, 20 genera, and 44 species were listed that did not appear in the earlier lists. From 1968 through 1971, approximately 67% of the families, 31% of the genera, and 13% of the species of mammals of the world were imported into the United States.

Table 1 lists the mammalian families most commonly imported in 1971 and compares the contribution of these families to the total number of individuals imported during the four year period covered by the reports. In general, there has been considerable consistency from year to year with only the Viverridae showing a very marked change in 1971 from the ordinal rankings of previous years. Among the most frequently imported families only the Leporidae (4th, 5th, and 3rd in ordinal rank in 1968, 1969, and 1970, respectively) showed a marked decrease in ordinal rank in 1971.

At the specific level (Table 2), Squirrel Monkeys (Saimiri sciureus) and Rhesus Macaques (Macaca mulatta) continued to account for more than one out of every two mammals imported. The thirteen most abundantly imported species, all primates and all but four of New World origin, accounted for more than four of five (83%) mammals imported.

The marked increase in the numbers of Crab-eating Raccoons (Procyon cancrivorus) imported is probably more apparent than real since many of the raccoons listed as Procyon loton in previous reports were probably this species. Many of the other major changes involving the ranking of the thirty most frequently imported species (e.g., Cebus apella, Saguinus spp.) probably also reflect nomenclatural difficulties encountered with the import declarations. Other changes (e.g., for Rattus exulans, Desmodus rotundus) are likely a true indication of year to year fluctuations in numbers imported.

Table 1. Families making principal contribution to numerical totals - 1968-1971.

Percent of Total Reported 1968-1971	49.11	5.66	2.43	1.02	1.04	.49	.49	.43	.28	. 28	.30	. 33	. 32	.22	.15	60.	.05	.16	.12	94.90
Number Reported 1968-1971	214,137 139,205	24,659	10,599	4,440	4,552	2,127	2,119	1,865	1,242	1,222	1,290	1,446	1,375	965	029	409	224	705	539	413,770
Numerical Change since 1970	+ 2,131 - 1,658	+ (670	- 703	+ 716	- 186	+ 391	+ 281	+ 65	+ 284	- 32	+ 4	- 79	+ 20	+ 20	+ 27	99 +	+ 141	+ 68	+ 37	
Percent of Total Reported 1971	48.61 33.18						.79	•	.49	•	•	.32	•	•		.19	.18	.17	.15	69.86
Number Reported 1971	43,675 29,810	5,552	2,703	1,446	955	746	708	489	438	327	312	290	222	211	172	167	159	155	139	88,676
Family	Cebidae Cercopithecidae	Callithricidae	Procyonidae	Didelphidae	Felidae	Sciuridae	Tupaiidae	Myrmecophagidae	Lorisidae	Dasyproctidae	Phyllostomatidae	Muridae	Mustelidae	Pongidae	Hydrochaeridae	Macropodidae	Viverridae	Erinaceidae	Hylobatidae	
•	1 2	tΩ	4	2	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
nal in , 1969 , and	1 2	4	വ	7	9	12	$\infty$	6	17	11	13	10	14	15	18	21	39	23	20	
45, 70, 70, 71, 72,	1 2	B	4		9	13	12	10	17	19	15	14	11	16	21	28	33	18	24	
0r. Rai 190 19	7	01	5	7	9	6	10	12	14	15	17	13	11	16	20	27	41	18	21	

Table 2. Species of mammals most frequently imported.

Number (and percentage) of Total Imported 1968-1971	147,756 (33.89) 103,794 (23.81) 17,336 (3.98) 11,292 (2.59) 10,683 (2.45) 15,047 (3.45) 10,6292/(2.44) 4,691 (1.08) 7,202 (1.65) 6,661 (1.53) 6,140 (1.41) 5,041 (1.16) 6,239 (1.43) 4,407 (1.01) 1,110 (25) 2,642 (61) 1,976 (45) 2,036/(1.47) 4,6122/(1.06) 2,135 (1.06)
Number (and percentage) of Total Imported 1971	29,877 (33.25) 22,097 (24.59) 3,728 (4.15) 2,374 (2.64) 2,226 (2.48) 2,221 (2.47) 2,211 (2.47) 2,036 (2.27) 1,787 (1.99) 1,727 (1.99) 1,120 (1.34) 1,129 (1.26) 1,129 (1.26) 961 (1.07) 863 (96) 751 (84) 606 (67) 556 (60)
Species	Squirrel Monkey, Saimiri sciureus Rhesus Macaque, Macaca mulatta Douroucouli, Aotus trivingatus Cotton-top Marmoset, Saguinus oedipus Woolly Monkey, Lagothrix Lagothricha White-fronted Capuchin, Cebus albishons Grivet Monkey, Cercopithecus aethiops Black-capped Capuchin, Cebus apella White-lipped Tamarin, Saguinus nigricollis Crab-eating Macaque, Macaca sascicularis Black-handed Spider Monkey, Ateles geossa White-throated Capuchin, Cebus capucinus Crab-eating Raccoon, Procyon cancrivorus Woustached Tamarin, Saguinus mystax Olive Baboon, Papio anubis Tree Shrew, Tupaia glis Vervet Monkey, Cercopithecus pygerythus Kinkajou, Potos slavus
71	1 2 3 4 4 7 7 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Ordinal Rank in 1968, 1969, 1970 and 1971	11
Ordinal Rank in 1968, 1969 1970 and 1	100 2 4 4 6 5 5 3 2 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Or Ré 19 19	10086451 11111111111111111111111111111111111

<sup>1</sup>This table includes all species for which over 150 individuals were declared for importation in 1971.

<sup>2</sup>Four year totals for Cercopithecus aethiops and C. pygerythrus are not highly accurate since we believe that a substantial number of pygerythrus were included with aethiops in the 1968, 1969, and 1970 reports. Totals for earlier years used here are estimates based on the proportions of the two species imported in 1971 and 1972.

\*Not listed in report or ordinal ranking lower than 50.

Number (and percentage) of Total Imported 1968-1971	2,149 ( .49) 1,480 ( .34) 1,974 ( .45) 779 ( .19) 813 ( .19) 842 ( .12) 316 ( .07) 1,099 ( .25) 952 ( .29) 647 ( .15) 650 ( .15) 423 ( .15) 423 ( .15)
Number (and percentage) of Total Imported 1971	436 ( .49) 409 ( .46) 359 ( .40) 293 ( .33) 290 ( .32) 272 ( .30) 260 ( .29) 246 ( .27) 205 ( .23) 204 ( .27) 181 ( .20) 172 ( .19) 166 ( .18) 161 ( .18)
Species	Pig-tailed Macaque, Macaca nemestrina Tamandua, Tamandua tetradactyla Ocelot, Felis pardalis Red-mantled Tamarin, Saguinus illigeri Pacific Rat, Rattus exulans Vampire Bat, Desmodus rotundus Yellow Baboon, Papio cynocephalus Tropical Red Squirrel, Sciurus granatensis Chimpanzee, Chimpansee troglodytes Leopard Cat, Felis bengalensis Jaguarundi, Felis bengalensis Jaguarundi, Felis bengalensis Jaguarundi, Galago, senegalensis Demidoff's Galago, Galago demidovii
Ordinal Rank in 1968, 1969, 1970 and 1971	20 27 18 21 28 28 24 22 19 24 22 23 27 53* 24 59* 27 25 * 47* 54* 26 * 47* 54* 26 29 30 33 29 48 29 26 30 41 41 51 31 53 55 58 32 * 45* 27 * 47* 54* 26 * 48* 29* 26 * 48* 29* 26 * 48* 29* 26 * 45* * 50* 33* 33* 33* 34* 35* 35* 35* 35* 35* 35* 35* 35* 35* 35

385,599 (88.44)

83,539 (92.97)

"Not listed in report or ordinal ranking lower than 50.

## Sources of Imported Mammals

In 1971 imported mammals were received from 66 countries (Tables 3-4) as compared with 64 countries in 1970. Thirteen of these countries were not previously listed as sources of imported mammals; the total number of countries exporting mammals to the U.S. in 1970 and 1971 combined is 76. The newly listed countries accounted for a very small proportion (0.24%) of the total number of mammals imported.

Table 5 summarizes changes in numbers of mammals imported from the principal countries of origin. With the exception of Canada and Brazil, both of which exhibited significant decreases in the number exported, major sources of mammals in 1971 were largely the same as those of 1970. Three countries, Peru, India, and Colombia, accounted for over 70% of all mammals imported both years and in both years the first 20 countries listed accounted for over 97% of all importations.

Despite an overall slight decrease in importation, most regions showed little change from levels of importation in 1970 (Asia, Africa, and Central America) or increased slightly. The most pronounced regional increase was for South America from whence 53,843 animals were imported in 1971, as opposed to 50,534 in 1970, an increase of about 6.5%.

Table 3. Major sources from which the United States imported mammals in 1971.

Num Per	ntry of Origin, ber Imported, centage of al Imported	Principal Families	Number Imported	Percentage of Total from Country	Percentage of Total in Family
1	PERU 30,590 34.04	Cebidae Callithricidae Procyonidae Dasyproctidae Felidae Myrmecophagidae Hydrochaeridae Erethizontidae Caviidae	27,882 1,335 877 222 159 31 29 10 10 30,555	91.15 4.36 2.87 .73 .52 .10 .09 .03 .03	63.84 24.05 32.45 67.89 16.65 6.34 16.86 28.57 33.33
2	INDIA 21,445 23.87	Cercopithecidae Ursidae Procyonidae Felidae	21,406 21 17 1 21,445	99.82 .10 .08 .00 100.00	71.81 28.00 .63 .10
3	COLOMBIA 20,913 23.27	Cebidae Callithricidae Didelphidae	13,109 3,843 1,372	62.68 18.38 6.56	30.01 69.23 94.88

Country of Origin, Number Imported, Percentage of Total Imported	Principal Families	Number Imported	Percentage of Total from Country	Percentage of Total in Family
COLOMBIA (cont'd)	Procyonidae Myrmecophagidae Felidae Sciuridae Hydrochaeridae Mustelidae Bradypodidae Dasyproctidae	1,252 449 327 259 137 72 39 36 20,895	5.99 2.15 1.56 1.24 .66 .34 .19 .17	46.32 91.82 34.24 34.72 79.65 32.43 65.00 11.01
4 THAILAND 3,937 4.38	Cercopithecidae Tupaiidae Sciuridae Felidae Viverridae Mustelidae Lorisidae Elephantidae Ursidae Manidae Hystricidae Cynocephalidae	2,194 708 377 203 126 103 59 40 38 22 12 8	55.73 17.98 9.58 5.16 3.20 2.62 1.50 1.02 .97 .56 .30 .20	7.36 100.00 50.54 21.26 79.25 46.40 13.47 59.70 50.67 95.65 70.59 100.00
5 NICARAGUA 1,411 1.57	Cebidae Procyonidae Sciuridae Sciuridae Felidae Dasyproctidae Didelphidae Erethizontidae Bradypodidae	1,047 156 83 40 37 31 9 8 1,411	74.20 11.06 5.88 2.83 2.62 2.20 .64 .57	2.40 5.77 11.13 4.19 11.31 2.14 25.71 13.33
6 MALAYSIA 1,280 1.42	Cercopithecidae Mustelidae Felidae Hystricidae	1,261 10 5 4 1,280	98.52 .78 .39 .31 100.00	4.23 4.50 .52 23.53
7 KENYA 1,237 1.38	Cercopithecidae Equiidae Lorisidae Elephantidae Felidae	1,085 58 53 19 13 1,228	87.71 4.69 4.28 1.54 1.05 99.27	3.64 53.21 12.10 28.34 1.36

Table 3. (cont'd)

Country of Origin, Number Imported, Percentage of Total Imported	Principal Families	Number Imported	Percentage of Total from Country	Percentage of Total in Family
8 ETHIOPIA 1,220 1.36	Cercopithecidae Procaviidae	$   \begin{array}{r}     1,208 \\     \hline     1,220   \end{array} $	99.02 .98 100.00	4.05 36.36
9 SOMALIA 1,089 1.21	Cercopithecidae Felidae	1,080 9 1,089	99.17	3.62 .94
10 PARAGUAY 984 1.10	Cebidae Procyonidae Felidae Dasypodidae Mustelidae	792 73 68 47 4 984	80.49 7.42 6.91 4.78 .41 100.00	1.81 2.70 7.12 55.29 1.80
11 BRAZIL 669 .74	Callithricidae Cebidae Felidae	353 295 10 658	52.77 44.10 1.49 98.36	6.34 .68 1.05
12 GUYANA 510 .57	Cebidae Procyonidae Callithricidae Felidae	471 14 8 5 498	92.35 2.75 1.57 .98 97.65	1.08 .52 .14 .52
13 TANZANIA 497 .55	Cercopithecidae Pedetidae Felidae	490 6 <u>1</u> 497	98.59 1.21 .20 100.00	1.64 42.86 .10
14 PHILIPPINES 430 .48	Cercopithecidae	430	100.00	1.44
15 MEXICO 373 .42	Phyllostomatidae Cricetidae Heteromyidae Otariidae Delphinidae Cervidae Phocidae	272 28 20 20 11 7 6 364	72.92 7.51 5.36 5.36 2.95 1.88 1.61 97.59	87.18 39.44 100.00 66.67 91.67 8.86 54.55

Table 3. (cont'd)

Country of Origin, Number Imported, Percentage of Total Imported	Principal Families	Number Imported	Percentage of Total from Country	Percentage of Total in Family
16 HONDURAS 358 .40	Procyonidae Cebidae Didelphidae Sciuridae Dasyproctidae Felidae Dasypodidae	210 32 29 23 19 19 12 344	58.66 8.94 8.10 6.42 5.31 5.31 3.35 96.09	7.77 .07 2.01 3.08 5.81 1.99 14.12
17 (HAWAII) 290 .32	Muridae	290	100.00	100.00
18 PAKISTAN 279 .31	Cercopithecidae Erinaceidae	190 89 279	$\frac{68.10}{31.90}$ $\frac{100.00}{}$	.64 57.42
19 DAHOMEY 225 .25	Lorisidae Erinaceidae	$ \begin{array}{r} 198 \\ \underline{17} \\ 215 \end{array} $	$   \begin{array}{r}     88.00 \\     7.56 \\     \hline     95.56   \end{array} $	45.21
87,737 97.64				

Table 4. Minor sources of mammals imported into the United States in 1971. The first figure in parentheses is the number imported; the second represents the percentage of mammals in that family imported in 1971.

Country of Origin and Number Imported	Principal Groups Imported	Percentages of Total from Country
CANADA187	Cervidae (61-77.22), Leporidae (60-100.00), Caviidae (20-66.67), Canidae (10-23.81), Ursidae (8-10.67) Felidae (773), Sciuridae (454), Mustelidae (4-1.80), Camelidae (4-8.70)	95.19
SIERRA LEONE152	Pongidae (103-48.82), Cercopithecidae (4916)	100.00

Country of Origin and Number Imported	Principal Groups Imported	Percentages of Total From Country
ECUADOR144	Procyonidae (87-3.22), Cebidae (3308), Felidae (21-2.20), Mustelidae (3-1.35)	100.00
NEW ZEALAND134	Macropodidae (106-63.47), Phalangeridae (28-87.50)	100.00
BOTSWANA117	Lorisidae (108-24.66), Pedetidae (8-57.14), Cercopithecidae (1003)	100.00
SOUTHWEST AFRICA 117	Equiidae (49-44.95), Bovidae (36-54.55), Procaviidae (12-36.36), Unknown (10-76.92), Felidae (552)	95.73
LAOS108	Hylobatidae (81-58.27), Cercopithecidae (1906), Felidae (442)	96.30
LIBERIA103	Pongidae (87-41.23), Cercopithecidae (903), Lorisidae (246), Felidae (221), Hippopotamidae (2-66.67)	99.03
SINGAPORE103	Hylobatidae (57-41.01), Cercopithecidae (2609), Lorisidae (13-2.97)	93.20
+INDONESIA100	Cercopithecidae (8328), Macropodidae (13-7.78), Viverridae (3-1.87)	99.00
NIGERIA91	Cercopithecidae (9131)	100.00
AUSTRALIA82	Camelidae (42-91.30), Macropodidae (27-16.17), Giraffidae (6-85.71) Pteropidae (5-50.00), Tachyglossidae (2-40.00)	100.00
SENEGAL 82	Cercopithecidae (8228)	100.00
WEST GERMANY71	Erinaceidae (37-23.87), Bovidae (12-18.18), Cervidae (7-8.86), Phocidae (5-45.45), Pongidae (3-1.42)	90.14
PANAMA 58	Callithricidae (1222), Procyonidae (933), Cebidae (702), Echimyidae (7-100.00), Bradypodidae (5-8.33)	68.97

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates a country from which imported mammals were not recorded in 1970.

Table 4. (cont'd)

Country of Origin and Number Imported	Principal Groups Imported	Percentages of Total from Country
TRINIDAD48	Phyllostomatidae (40-12.82), Dasypodiae (7-8.24), Myrmecophagidae (1-2.08)	100.00
GHANA 47	Cercopithecidae (4214), Pongidae (4-1.90), Canidae (1-2.38)	100.00
+ISRAEL31	Cricetidae (30-42.25), Pongidae (147)	100.00
+VIRGIN ISLANDS27	Viverridae (26-16.35), Felidae (221)	100.00
COSTA RICA26	Cricetidae (9-12.68), Didelphidae (748), Cebidae (702)	88.46
FRANCE23	Erinaceidae (12-7.74), Lemuridae (11-64.71)	100.00
ARGENTINA22	Dasypodidae (10-11.76), Felidae (663), Chinchillidae (4-57.14)	90.91
SOUTH AFRICA22	Rhinocerotidae (12-80.00), Otariidae (10-33.33)	100.00
+TAIWAN22	Cercopithecidae (2007), Felidae (221)	100.00
NETHERLANDS 20	Canidae (15-35.71), Felidae (221)	85.00
NEW GUINEA20	Macropodidae (17-10.18), Tachy- glossidae (3-60.00)	100.00
MADAGASCAR14	Tenrecidae (8-100.00), Lemuridae (4-23.53), Viverridae (2-1.26)	100.00
BOLIVIA11	Octodontidae (5-100.00), Chinchillidae (3-42.86), Felidae (331)	100.00
DENMARK11	Felidae (773), Canidae (2-4.76)	81.82

 $<sup>^{+} {\</sup>rm Indicates}$  a country from which imported mammals were not recorded in 1970.

Table 4. (cont'd)

Country of Origin and Number Imported	Principal Groups Imported	Percentages of Total From Country
ENGLAND11	Cercopithecidae (1003)	90.91
+BRITISH HONDURAS	Dasypodidae (5-5.88), Felidae (442)	90.00
+IVORY COAST10	Pongidae (10-4.74)	100.00
+RHODESIA7	Elephantidae (7-10.45)	100.00
GUATEMALA6	Cervidae (4-5.06), Felidae (110)	83.33
MOROCCO5	Cercopithecidae (502)	100.00
+BRIT. SOLOMON IS4	Phalangeridae (4-12.50)	100.00
CAMEROON4	Lorisidae (368), Manidae (1-4.35)	100.00
U.S.S.R4	Ursidae (2-2.67), Felidae (221)	100.00
+JAMAICA3	Felidae (331)	100.00
ITALY2	Canidae (2-4.76)	100.00
JAPAN2	Felidae (221)	100.00
+SUDAN2	Cercopithecidae (201)	100.00
CAMBODIA1	Elephantidae (1-1.49)	100.00
CONGO1	Pongidae (147)	100.00
+LIBYA1	Canidae (1-2.38)	100.00
+SOUTH VIETNAM1	Cercopithecidae (1003)	100.00
SWITZERLAND1	Lemuridae (1-5.88)	100.00
+UGANDA 1	Mustelidae (145)	100.00

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{+}} \text{Indicates}$  a country from which imported mammals were not recorded in 1970.

Table 5. Comparison of Numbers of Mammals Imported 1970-1971 from Countries Exporting to the United States.

Cou Ori	ntry of gin	Ordina1 Rank 1970	Total Imported 1970	Total Imported 1971	Numerical Change	% Change
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Peru India Colombia Thailand Nicaragua Malaysia Kenya Ethiopia Somalia Paraguay Brazil Guyana Tanzania Philippines Mexico Honduras [Hawaii] Pakistan Dahomey Canada Sierra Leone Ecuador New Zealand Botswana	1 2 3 5 7 9 10 8 12 13 6 15 11 23 20 17 16 14 47 4 22 18 19 28	29,870 22,105 16,718 3,287 1,741 1,556 1,342 1,719 628 553 2,733 449 924 100 176 299 310 508 15 6,198 113 198 177 59	30,590 21,445 20,913 3,937 1,411 1,280 1,237 1,220 1,089 984 669 510 497 430 373 358 290 279 225 187 152 144 134 117	+ 720 - 660 + 4,195 + 650 - 330 - 276 - 105 - 499 + 461 + 431 - 2,064 + 61 - 427 + 330 + 197 + 59 - 20 - 229 + 210 + - 6,011 + 39 - 54 - 43 + 58	+ 2.41 - 2.99 + 25.09 + 19.77 - 18.95 - 17.74 - 7.82 - 29.03 + 73.41 + 77.94 - 75.52 + 13.59 - 46.21 + 330.00 + 111.93 + 19.73 - 6.45 - 45.08 1,400.00 - 96.98 + 34.51 - 27.27 - 24.29 + 98.31
25 26 27 28 29 30	Southwest Africa Laos Liberia Singapore Indonesia Nigeria Subtotal All other Cou	34 29 25 26 NA 21	34 54 74 73 0 151 92,164 1,489 93,653	117 108 103 103 100 91 89,093 761 89,854	+ 83 + 54 + 29 + 30 + 100 - 60 - 3,071 - 728 - 3,799	+ 244.12 + 100.00 + 39.19 + 41.10 NA - 39.74 - 3.33 - 48.89 - 4.06

<sup>\*</sup> Includes mammals for which country of origin is unknown

#### Primates Used for Research in 1971

Some data on the numbers of mammals used for research in 1971 were compiled by the Institute of Laboratory Animal Resources (ILAR News, 1972, vol. 16, no. 1). These data allow us to make a general comparison of the number of primates sold and bred with those declared for importation in the same year. As in 1968 and 1969 (Jones, 1970; Jones and Paradiso, 1972), more species and individuals of New World primates were declared for importation in 1971 than were sold or bred in the United States, and fewer individuals of Old World primates were declared for importation than were used for research in that year. Altogether, 23,908 more primates were imported than were reported as used for research. Some of these discrepancies between the two sets of figures may have resulted from methods of gathering the data; many primates may have been either unreported or included in nondesignated categories.

In the following list (Table 6) of primates used for research in the United States in 1971, numbers of animals sold and bred in 1968 were taken from ILAR News (1972) and numbers imported are from Bureau data.

Table 6. Comparison of Numbers of Primates Used for Research With Numbers Imported in 1971

Used for Research Sold Bred Total Imported NEW WORLD PRIMATES CEBIDAE Alouatta 76 Aotus 4,466 3,728 4,308 158 Ateles 249 1,889 10 259 Callicebus 174 9 9 Cebus 541 134 675 5,619 Lagothrix 2,226 4 Pithecia 84 Saimiri 7,595 528 8,123 29,879 Subtota1 12,693 843 13,536 43,675

Here equivalent to the numbers listed from commercial and random sources, respectively, in the ILAR tabulation. The "random sources" category possibly includes some animals caught in the wild and subsequently recovered from pounds or animal shelters as well as any obtained in the wild by the research institutions involved.

Table 6. (cont'd)

	So1d	Bred	Total	Imported
		CALLITHR	ICIDAE	
Callimico Callithrix Cebuella Saguinus	2	3 -	5 - - -	53 166 5,330
Marmosets	2,691	545	3,236	3
Subtotal	2,693	548	3,241	5,552
Not Designated	-	_	-	1
Total New World Primates	15,386	1,391	16,777	49,228
	0	LD WORLD	PRIMATES	
		LEMURI	DAE	
Lemur Microcebus	-	-	-	15 2
Subtotal			-	<u>17</u>
		LORISI	DAE	
Arctocebus Galago Loris Nycticebus Perodicticus	20	- 53 - - -	- 73 - - -	1 313 2 72 50
Subtotal	20	53	73	438

Table 6. (cont'd)

	Sold	Bred	Total	Imported
		CERCOPITH	ECIDAE	
Cercocebus Cercopithecus Colobus Erythrocebus Macaca Nasalis Papio Presbytis Pygathrix Theropithecus	6 2,643 - 79 28,430 - 1,220	47 192 - 11 4,963 - 1,003 49	53 2,835 90 33,393 - 2,223 49	4 2,935 13 105 25,567 2 1,092 67 5 20
Subtota1	32,378	6,265	38,643	29,810
		HYLOBAT	IDAE	
Hylobates	6	1	7	139
		PONGI	DAE	
Chimpansee Gorilla Pongo	155 - -	66 - -	221	205 5 1
Subtotal	155	66	221	211
Not Designated	258	-	258	44
Total Old World Primates	32,817	6,385	39,202	30,659
Total Primates	48,203	7,776	55,979	79,887

## Imported Rare and Endangered Species

Some species of mammals listed in the Red Data Book (1972) by the International Union for the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources were declared for importation in 1971. Numerous subspecies of rare and endangered mammals listed in the Red Data Book may have been included among mammals imported in 1971, but identifications were usually not made to subspecies on the import declarations.

Species of mammals listed in the IUCN Red Data Book in 1972, that were declared for importation into the United States in 1971, are listed in Table 7 helow. Letters to the left of names indicate their status in the Red Data Book with V indicating vulnerable; R, rare; and E, endangered. Those marked with an asterisk are included on the United States' list of foreign species in danger of extinction. Except for most of the felids, which were placed on the list only recently, none could be imported during 1971 without a special permit.

Table 7. Rare and endangered species of mammals imported into the United States in 1971.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Number Imported 1971	Number Imported 1968-1971
LEMURIDAE  * Ring-tailed Lemur  V * Mongoose Lemur  * Ruffed Lemur  * Lesser Mouse Lemur	Lemur catta Lemur mongoz Lemur variegatus Microcebus murinus	3 9 3 2	73 25 8 15
CEBIDAE * Squirrel Monkey	Saimiri oerstedii	2	2
CERCOPITHECIDAE E * Lion-tailed Macaque E * Douc Langur	Macaca silenus Pygathrix nemaeus	2 5	17 35
PONGIDAE V Chimpanzee V * Gorilla E * Orang-utan	Chimpansee troglodytes Gorilla gorilla Pongo pygmaeus	205 5 1	937 26 2
MYRMECOPHAGIDAE V Giant Anteater	Myremecophaga tridactyla	75	309
CANIDAE V Gray Wolf V * Maned Wolf V African Hunting Dog R Bush Dog	Canis lupus Chrysocyon brachywrus Lycaon pictus Speothos venaticus	5 3 3 2	18 14 8 3
URSIDAE V Polar Bear	Ursus maritimus	5	17
MUSTELIDAE E * Giant Otter	Pteronura brasiliensis	1	8

Table 7. (cont'd)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Number Imported 1971	Number Imported 1968-1971
FELIDAE V * Cheetah V * Ocelot    * Margay V * Jaguar V * Leopard    * Tiger V Clouded Leopard E * Snow Leopard	Acinonyx jubatus Felis pardalis Felis wiedii Leo onca Leo pardus Leo tigris Neofelis nebulosa Uncia uncia	15 359 65 14 10 2 2 5	158 1,974 242 73 58 13 19 20
ELEPHANTIDAE V Indian Elephant	Elephas maximus	41	123
EQUIIDAE V Mountain Zebra	Equus zebra	18	28
TAPIRIDAE * Brazilian Tapir	Tapirus terrestris	2	204
RHINOCEROTIDAE V Black Rhinoceros	Diceros bicornis	1	3
HIPPOPOTAMIDAE R Pygmy Hippopotamus	Choeropsis liberiensis	3	6
CERVIDAE E * Eld's Deer	Cervus eldi	1	4
BOVIDAE V * Gaur	Bos gaurus	3	3
		872	4,444

# ${\bf Importation\ of\ Restricted\ Mammals}$

Federal regulations (Title 50, Part 13, Section 13.5) of 1967 restrict the importation of five groups of mammals. Representatives of two of these prohibited groups were declared for importation in 1971.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Number Reported
Indian Flying Fox	Pteropus giganteus	5
Gray-headed Fruit Bat	Pteropus poliocephalus	5
Dwarf Mongoose	Helogale parvula	1
Mongoose	Herpestes auropunctatus	26

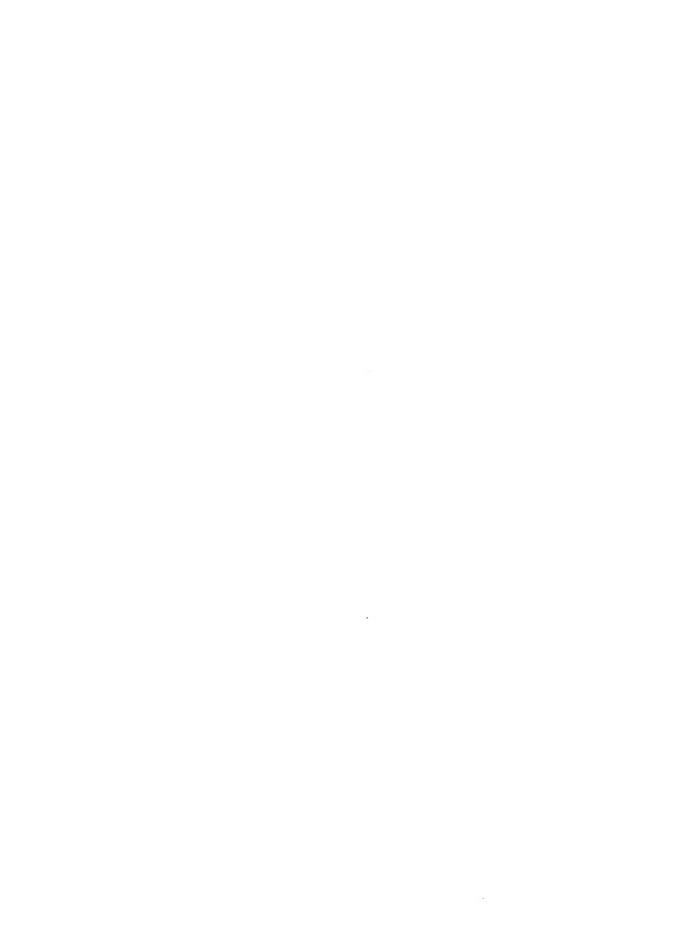
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